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12-18-64

WATER WELL DRILLERS LOG

Date: 12/18, 1964, Driller: M^{rs} Kay County Madison
(Name)

(1) Owner of Land: Mims
(Name)
Jackson
(Address)

(2) Location: 1/4, 1/4, Sec. T. R.
12 miles SE of Centon
(distance) (direction) (Nearest Town)

(3) Topography: (Hilly) (Flat) (Level)

(4) Purpose of Well: Farm
(Domestic Irrigation, Municipal, Industrial, Other)

Description & Color of Materials Sand, Clay, Red Clay, Shell, etc.	Thick- ness Feet	Depth Feet
White clay	0	20
Blue clay	20	40
Blue clay	40	60
Blue Shale	60	80
Blue Shale	80	100
Brown Shale	100	120
" "	120	140
" "	140	160
Brown Shale	160	180
Fine Sand	180	200
" "	200	220
Med Sand	220	240

Information upon completion of well:

(1) Diameter 2 inches.

(2) Total Depth 240 feet.

(3) Water Level 120 feet below top of ground.

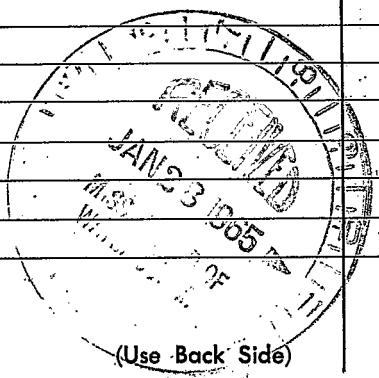
(4) Cased to , Size .

(5) Screen: Size 007, Length 10.

(6) Were any formations sealed against pollution?
 yes, no.

If YES depth of formation
 Why

Drillers Remarks:



Well No.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the integrity of the financial system and for the ability to detect and prevent fraud.

2. The second part of the document outlines the specific procedures for recording transactions. It details the steps involved in the accounting cycle, from identifying the transaction to posting it to the general ledger and finally preparing financial statements.

3. The third part of the document addresses the role of internal controls in ensuring the accuracy and reliability of financial information. It discusses various control mechanisms, such as segregation of duties, authorization requirements, and regular reconciliations, and explains how they contribute to the overall risk management of the organization.

4. The fourth part of the document focuses on the importance of transparency and accountability in financial reporting. It highlights the need for clear communication of financial results to stakeholders and the role of external audits in providing an independent assessment of the organization's financial health.

5. The fifth part of the document discusses the impact of technology on financial reporting and record-keeping. It explores how modern accounting software and data analytics tools have transformed the way financial data is collected, processed, and analyzed, leading to more efficient and accurate reporting.

6. The sixth part of the document concludes by summarizing the key points discussed and reiterating the importance of a strong financial reporting framework for the long-term success and sustainability of any organization.